

The Daily Gazetteer:

TUESDAY, MARCH 18. 1740.

NUMB. 1480

N^o. 1478.



THE Enemies of a Country are equally remarkable for their Triumphs at its Difficulties, and their Silence, or Disapprobation, when Success attends the Measures they recommend: the same Man, who, when a generous Concern for his Country requires his utmost Attention, can appear with an evanescent Grin, and sport with what would make a wise Man serious, will be as sure, amidst any general Satisfaction, to betray his unnatural Discontent.

Before the late Declaration of War, how indefatigable were the Journal and Pamphlet-Writers of the Opposition, in calling for Hostilities against Spain, and what Pains were taken to represent Peace as wholly inconsistent with the true Interest of these Kingdoms?—Such Difficulty under which our Navigation and Commerce labour'd, was assign'd to the Pacifick Measures pursu'd, and every Day we were told, that with a War against Spain the Honour of Great Britain would certainly revive: The most abject Representations of our Publick Affairs were exhibited to our Enemies, and by the Labours of Men who breathed the Air of England, Foreigners were brought to view us as divided in our Councils, and incapable of executing Measures necessary for the Publick Preservation:—As, indeed, any other European Nation would have been, where the Government had been misled in the Face of the whole People, and the Authors suffered to escape with Impunity.

And even in England, the Liberty exercised on such Occasions has not always been the same with what the Sentiments of our Time have experienced:—During the Preparations against Spain in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, the subtlest Whispers against her Strength, the most cautious Insinuation against a Probability of Success, (when yet it was scarcely probable) was punished with the Severity that Princes constantly exercised upon those who dar'd openly to censure her Conduct. In our time, how different has been the Treatment given the Government by Men who would pass for Friends to the People?—When a War was found necessary, and what they had for many Years recommended, at length became expedient, the Attraction in our Publick Measures was so evidently the Effect of a Desire to promote the Interests of the Trading Subjects of the Realm, that it was some Time before the Hacks of Sedition ventured to decade against it. At length, however, one begun with pointing out the Expense of a War; another the Hazard of Success; and a third ventur'd to affirm it ought to have been avoided by all practicable Measures. After this Foundation, every Quarter of the secondary Camp groan'd aloud under the Burden of a War scarcely begun; and it was call'd tedious ere our Preparations were more than half-complish'd:—The Difficulties of carrying it on were swell'd by an absurd Aggravation; the Winds, Tides, and Seasons, brought in Evidence against the Management of our Navy; and when nothing remained above Deck to blame, these assiduous Procurators scrutiniz'd the very Beef-Tubs, and affirm'd that the Provisions of the Navy were not sweet, because they were purchased by Gentlemen in Employment under the Government,—no other Proof having been offer'd of that scandalous Assertion.

One Day we have been told our Ships were not properly disposed of; another, that their Instructions were not sufficient for any desirable Purpose: One Commander has been insinuated to want Courage; another to be destitute of Experience, and the Men in discontented and unfit for Action.

Such have been the Labours of our Enemies at home, and it is more than probable they were apprehended abroad. But the Point most endeavour'd to have it thought that as the present Ministry had fortunately procur'd us many Years Peace, it was absolutely necessary that it should be changed to make Room for a new one, alike unskill'd in the Management of Peace or War.—tho' Ages since, it was notorious, that the Wisdom which most delighted in the Blessings of a tranquil State, when, by repeated Occasions, driven upon more violent Measures, was always most equal to them, and most secure of Suc-

cess; these among the Ancients who were secure of Victory, being Men that glory'd as much in the Honours of the Palm as of the Laurel.

We have lately seen Instances of a Conduct worthy Admiration in the Arts of Peace and of War:—In the former, under Difficulties gathered by the Concurrence of a most iniquitous Treaty, and every Embarrassment that an unnatural and violent Opposition could create, the Tranquillity of these Realms was preserved, and our Traffick abroad kept more extensive than had before been known: In the latter, let the Dread that has for so many Months swallow'd up the boasted Vigor of Spain witness the Force of our Publick Conduct,—let the entire Interruption of their Navigation speak the Apprehensions they lie under; and let their Losses in the Western World proclaim their Inability to oppose the Schemes of a Government they weakly ventur'd to provoke, and the Danger of supposing a Ministry that delights in Peace incapable of wielding the rough Instruments of War to the Confusion of its Enemies.

For what End can a Change in the Ministry be desired, at a time that none can so fitly conduct the Concerns of War as those who have tried every possible Means in vain, and who from a thorough Knowledge of the Motives and Views of our Enemies, are most capable of knowing how to reduce them to such Terms as are necessary for the Honour of the British Crown, and for protecting our Navigation from future Insults and Interruptions.

This was the evident View of the unwearied Endeavours to preserve Tranquillity to the Subjects of Britain; this must be the ultimate Aim of our Hostilities, and the Effect of the Success we have so much Room to expect: And as, from what we are now able to judge, our Conduct in the War will be perfectly agreeable to our National Interests, as far as War can be reconciled to the Interests of a Trading People; upon the same Wisdom that so long preferred us in Peace, under the most perplexing Circumstances, we may safely rely for the Event of Measures upon which the Necessity of our Publick Affairs have driven us: The same Attachment to our Interests that preserved Tranquillity so long, will, without doubt, restore it whenever the Honour and Interest of Great Britain will admit.—Till then, all who read the Libels published at present, will be sufficiently convinc'd of the true Intentions of Men, who, when more Advantage is gain'd by their Country than they wish for, complain * of its been done with too little Expense, and even represent as a Fault in the British Seamen, their assisting to take Ports, Towns, and Batteries, because, forsooth, that ought to have been left to Land-soldiers alone!

While the Publick Attention is employ'd upon the Preparations at home, and our Successes abroad, how different from a Friend to his Country must the Man be, who can busy himself in Scandal against its true Friends, without regard to Dignity, Virtue, or even to M—y itself, and who can employ himself in abusing an Administration that has gain'd the British Name Honour in every Court of Europe; while the domestic Enemies of our Fame poorly join the Partizans of Spain, to depreciate the Merit of their Country, and attribute to Motives far beneath the Views of the present Government, every thing concerted for the evident Honour and Advantage of the British Dominions.

* Common Sense, March 15.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Amsterdam, March 21. N. S. On the 18th arrived the ———, Andrew Craigie, from Boston: On the 20th the ———, Sipke Roeloffs, from London.

At Bremen is arriv'd the ———, John Halleup, from Ireland.

HOME PORTS.

Bristol, March 15. Arrived the Hayth, Cunningham, and the Turtle dove, Chaffey, both from Carolina; the Lion, Masters, from London; the Messenger, Cadd, from Oporto; the John and Mary, Tellidge, from Virginia; the Unity, Dennison, from New England.

Arrived at Barbados the King David, Martindale, the Charles, Seaburn, and the Nancy, ———. At St. Christophers, the Bremen Factor, ———, the Grey-

hound, late Willson, the Sea-flower, Epworth, the Phoenix, Arthurs, the Antelope, Maddox, the Nightingale, Hawkins. At Antigua, the Anne and Betty, ———. And at the Leeward Islands, the Leopard, Smith, all from Africa.

Last Week arriv'd in the Road the Bristol Man of War of 30 Guns, which we hear is to serve as a Convoy.

The Prince of Orange, Bird, drove out of Monserat, and was lost on a Rock; but the Men were sav'd.

The Scudamore, Middleton, lately arrived from Africa, was three Months in the greatest Distress for Want of Provisions, insomuch that several of the Hands perish'd at Sea; and five Men that came home before the Mast, are so weak that their Lives are despar'd of. The very Cats they had on board also perish'd with Hunger. Each Man had but half a Pint of Rice, and a Jill and half of Water a Day. They must all have perish'd had they been out a Week longer.

Poole, March 15. Sail'd the Thomasin, Richards, of Scarborough, for Newcastle; the Thomas and Ann, Nincham, for Bristol, and the Mary, Carey, of Guernsey, for Hull. Came in the Christopher, Stevenson, of Whitby from Newcastle.

Portsmouth, March 16. Since my last came to Spithead his Majesty's Ship the Advice, Capt. Oates, from Plymouth. Came into the Harbour the Sarah, Balfour, from Guernsey. Wind N.

Deal, March 16. Wind N. W. by N. Remain his Majesty's Ship Trial, and the Triumph Prize, Rentone, from Porto Bello. Came down and sail'd thro', the Princess Amelia, Martin, for China. Arrived the Fanny, Higginson, from Jamaica; the Britannia, Lewis, from New-England.

Gravesend, March 16. Pass'd by the Klagston, Johnson; Venus, Snelling; John, Patterson; Loyall Judith, Painter; and Prince of Wales, Cornish; all from South Carolina; Prince William, Clark, from New-York; Solebay Man of War; Lushington, from Gibraltar; Benner, Ryder, from Oporto; George, Watson, from Faro; Concord, Mathew, from Barbados; Penzance, Falvey, from Leghorn; Charming Sally, Daniel, from Santa Cruz; Success, Snelling, from St. Christopher's.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Dover, the Courtney, Hosker, from Barbados and Ireland.

At Carolina, the Betty, Smith, from Boston.

At Baltimore, the 25th of February last, to repair and victual the Herford, Nicholson, from Virginia for Whitehaven.

At Glasgow, the Macfarlan, Watson, from Jamaica; the Diamond, Belcher, from Virginia; and the Fleet Master, McCann, from Lisbon.

At Liverpool, the Elias, Mills, from Gottenburg, and the George and Francis, Hoome, from Virginia.

L O N D O N.

The Archer, Capt. Archer, bound from Hamburg for London, was lost the 27th of December last on the Boon Reef, on the Coast of Holland, the Captain and most of the Crew were saved.

Yesterday the Right Honourable Peter Lord King took the Oaths, and his Seat in the House of Peers, in the Room of his Brother John Lord King, deceased.

The Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter's Westminster, have appointed Mr. Willis to be the Abbey Painter, in the Room of Mr. Handford, deceased.

Yesterday being St. Patrick's Day, Tutelar Saint of Ireland, his Majesty, the Duke, and the Princesses, wore Crosses in Honour of the Day.

Yesterday Brigadier-General Hargrove, Governor of Gibraltar, and Col. Fuller, Colonel of a Regiment there, set out for Portsmouth, in order to embark for Gibraltar, to take upon them their respective Commands.

On Sunday last the Right Hon. the Earl of Darley arrived at his House in Pall-mall from Ireland.

Yesterday Morning a Man was found drowned in a Pond by St. George's-Fields, the Depth of the Water being not above 18 Inches.

On Sunday Night last a Boat with four Persons in it, viz. Joseph Preston and his Wife, George Lake, and

and a young Woman, who had been at Greenwich, and were on their Return Home to Westminster, run against the Sterlings at London-Bridge, (having no Waterman, but rowed themselves) by which Means the Boat was overlet, and the Two latter drown'd. but Preston swam, and was taken up at Queenhithe, and his Wife was sav'd by her Hoop-Petticoat, which kept her above Water, and she was taken up at Horsehoe-Alley.

Yesterday a great Body of Men, amongst which above twenty were arm'd with Cutlasses, accompany'd by thirty or forty more arm'd with Sticks and Bludgeons, caus'd a prodigious Riot in Clare market and about it, falling upon the Butchers there, and several Persons unconcern'd as well Women as Men, some of which they beat, bruise'd and wounded in so cruel and barbarous a Manner, that their Lives are despaired of.

Three of the Ringleaders, to wit, Jack Caffody, Patrick Caffody, and Daniel Scully, who were all taken heaving and cutting down his Majesty's Subjects with Cutlasses in their Hands in a most furious Manner, by the High Constable of Westminster, with the Assistance of several Petty Constables, were brought before Col. de Veil, who after an Examination of about five Hours committed them to Newgate, and bound over Nine Persons to prosecute, some of which were desperately wounded: And Col. de Veil hearing (that besides a prodigious Mob which fill'd the Street he lives in, and those adjacent to it) there was a great Body of arm'd Persons with Pistols and Cutlasses assembled in Covent-garden, he sent for two several Guards, which, consisting each of twelve Men and a Sergeant, conducted them safe to Newgate.

The Anniversary Meeting of the Society corresponding with the incorporated Society in Dublin for promoting English Protestant Working schools in Ireland, will be held in the Vestry-room of the Church of St. Mary le Bow in Cheapside, To-morrow the 19th of March at 9 o' Clock in the Forenoon; on which Occasion there will be a Sermon preach'd by the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of St. Asaph. Prayers will begin at Eleven o' Clock.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge,	03 22	03 38

Bank shut. India 15; 1-4th. South Sea 96 1-half, 3-4ths. Old Annuity 110 7-8ths. New ditto 108 3-4ths, 7-8ths. Three per Cents. 99 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 108. Five per Cent. ditto 89 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 86. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 41. Prem. Bank Circulation 41. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallow 1 4th to 3-4ths Prem. English Copper 3 l. 7 s. 6 d. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101 1-half. Three per Cent ditto 94. Million Bank 115. Equivalent 110 1-8th.

General Post Office, March 14, 1739.

IV Hereas the Post Boy who was carrying the Worcester Mail from London to Southall, was set upon this Morning about Four o'Clock, between Audley-street and Tyburn Turnpike, by two Footpads, one of which was a luffy Man in a White Cape Coat, who presented a Pistol to the said Boy, and demanding the Oxford Bag led him into a Field against Audley-street End, opened the Mail, and took thereout the Worcester and Oxford Bags. The Worcester Bag containing the Ludlow, Tenbury, and Bromyard Letters. The Oxford Bag containing the Burford, Whitney, and Woodstock Letters.

The Postmaster General thinks proper to advertise the Publick, That whoever shall apprehend and Convey, or cause to be apprehended and Conveyed both or either of the Persons who committed the said Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds; & also the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Person, when a Complaint is made in the said Robbery, or knowing thereof shall make Discovery, whereby the Persons, or either of them, who committed the same may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party or Parties, be entitled to the same Reward, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster General,
J. D. Barbut, Sec.

RICHARD CHILLINGWORTH,
Upholster, &c.
Removes at Lady-day next from opposite to the New Church in the Strand, to the King's Arms near the West End of Somerset-house.

Custom-house, London, March 10. 1739.
For S A L E,

By Order of the Honourable Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON Wednesday the 19th of March 1739. at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-house, London,

Several Parcels of Boba and Green Tea, Coffee, Raw and Roasted, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, and Spruce Beer, clear of all Duties.

To be seen at the King's Warehouse on Monday the 17th and Tuesday the 18th of March Instant, and in the Morning before the Sale, between the Hours of Eight and Twelve in the Forenoons, and Three and Four in the Afternoons of the same Days

Where Catalogues will be delivered.

To be LETT, and enter'd on at Lady-day next, Ready Furnish'd.

THE HAY-HOUSE in Hertfordshire, situate in the Parish of Bovendon, in the Road to Berkhamsted, within 23 Miles of London, 8 of Watford, 7 of St. Alban's, and 2 of Hemsted: Containing six Rooms on a Floor, with large Cellaring and convenient Out-houses, Three Coach-houses, and Stabling for twelve Horses; a Dove house well stock'd, and the Garden wall'd round, and planted with the best of Fruit, a Lawn before the House, and a Walk of five Acres from the Road up to it, planted with two Rows of Limes. Likewise the Privilege of Walking in a Wood of several Acres, cut into Walks.

With or without some Land.
Enquire of Mr. Partridge, of Hemsted in Hertfordshire aforesaid; or of Mr. Wilcox, at Virgil's Head opposite the New Church in the Strand.

Lately publish'd,

THE Blessings of Christian Philosophy; being a Treatise on the Beatitudes. In a Familiar Dialogue between Doctor and Parishioner.

By ARTHUR ST. GEORGE, D. D.

Printed for W. Innys and R. Manby, at the West End of St. Paul's.

Where may be had,

I. An Essay concerning Rational Notions. To which is added the Proof of a God. By the late Charles Mayne, Esq. 8vo.

II. An Historical and Critical Account of the most Eminent Classic Authors in Poetry, and History. In Three Parts. By the Reverend Edward Manwaring.

III. Institutes of Learning Taken from Aristotle, Plutarch, Longinus, Dionysius Halicarnassensis, Cicero, Quintilian, and many other Writings both Ancient and Modern, &c. By the Reverend Edward Manwaring. 8vo.

This Day will begin to be sold very cheap, (the lowest Price mark'd in each Book)

At T. OSBORNE'S in Gray's Inn;

THE LIBRARY of the Right Reverend CHARLES DE LAIS DE ROUSSIER, Bishop of Beziers, and Doctor of the Sorbonne, lately purchas'd and imported from Abroad.

Likewise,

The Libraries of the Reverend Mr. JOHNSON, A. M. And of an eminent Lawyer, Deceased: Consisting of the best Editions of the Fathers, Classics, Historians, and Philosophers, Antiquities, Coins, Architecture, Mathematicks, Painting, Husbandry, Trade, Voyages, Natural History, Physics, Surgery, and a complete Collection of the Common and Statute Law.

Also a large Collection relating to the History, Antiquities, and Customs of Great Britain and Ireland: Likewise a great Number of curious Tracts: And a Set of Manuscript Sermons for the whole Year, warranted Originals.

Which will continue selling all the Month of March, and April.

Catalogues to be had at the Place of Sale, and Money for any Library, or Parcel of Books and Manuscripts.

This Day is Publish'd.

(Price FOUR PENCE)

THE OCCASIONAL PAPER, Number II. On National Delusions.

Nihil ulterius quod nostris moribus addat

Posteritas: eadem cupiens facientesque minores.

Omne in Principii vitium stetit. Juv. Sat. I.

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-row

Where may be had, Just Publish'd.

I. The Occasional Paper, Number I. An Address to the Nobility and Gentry on the Abuse of Sunday. Price 4 d.

II. A Letter to the Rev. Mr. Lamb: Occasion'd by his Remarks on a Book intitled, A Plain Account, &c. of the Sacrament. Price 6 d.

III. Popery disarm'd of those Weapons of Force, and those Instruments of Fraud in which it chiefly trusts. In a Sermon preach'd at the Cathedral Church of Worcester, November 5, 1739. by Richard Meadewcourt, A. M. Canon of Worcester.

IV. A Copy of the Royal Charter establishing an Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of Exposed and Deserted Young Children. Price 4 d.

As also, Just Publish'd (Price bound 2 s. 6 d.)

Fitted as well for the Use of Schools, as for Private Families, **ÆSOP'S FABLES:** With Instructive Morals and Reflections, abstracted from all Party Considerations, adapted to all Capacities; and design'd to promote Religion, Morality, and Universal Benevolence.

Containing 240 FABLES, with a Cut engrav'd on Copper to each Fable. And the List of Æsop prefixed.

This Day is publish'd,

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

A Collection of the STATE PAPERS

of JOHN THURLOE, Esq. Secretary, first to the Council of State and afterwards to the Two Protections, OLIVER and RICHARD CROMWELL. Containing authentick Memorials of the English Affairs, from the Year 1628, to the Restoration of King CHARLES II. Published from the Originals, formerly in the Library of John Lord Somers, Lord High Chancellor of England; and since in that of Sir Joseph Jekyll, Knt. late Master of the Rolls; together with Translations of those in Foreign Languages. Likewise 247 Letters, written by Thurlow, Fie:wood; Lord Fauconberg and Sir William Lockhart, Embassadors in France; Sir A. Ashley Cooper, Dr. Thomas Clarges, Brother-in-Law to General Monk, and others; communicated by the Right Hon. the Earl of Shelburne. The Whole digested into an exact Order of Time.

To which will be added,

The Life of Mr. THURLOE, with his Effigies curiously engraven from an original Painting: As also a complete Index.

By THOMAS BIRCH, M. A. F. R. S.

Proposals, with a Specimen of the Work, may be had of the Undertaker Fletcher Gyles, Bookeller in Holborn, at which Place Subscriptions are taken in, as likewise by the following Bookellers; viz Mr. Stagg in Westminster-Hall, Mr. Dodley in Pall-Mall, Mr. Woodward in Fleetstreet, Mr. Davis in Pater-noster-row, Mr. Whitridge at the Royal Exchange, Mr. Leake at Bath, Mr. Clements at Osm, Mr. Thurbourne at Cambridge, Mr. Hildyard at York, Mr. Bryson at Newcastle, Mr. Creighton at Ipswich, Mr. Score at Exeter, Mr. Ward at Nottingham, Mr. Goddard at Norwich, Mr. John Traill at Edinburgh, Mr. Owen and Mr. Faulkner at Dublin.

N. B. Such Gentlemen as are willing to encourage this Undertaking, are desired to send in their Names, together with the first Payments, before Lady-Day next, that their Names may be inserted in the printed List of Subscribers, at which Time the Work will be put to the Press. And no more printed than subscribed for.

The only short and infallible CURE

For the HEMORRHOIDS or PILES of any Kind, or in either Sex; and allowed so to be by the most eminent Physicians in Europe.

IT is a pleasant ELECTUARY, which at

once infallibly cures the Piles, be they ever so bad, and even after all other Means have failed, and that without any Trouble, Difficulty, or the least Confinement; in the sharpest Pain, and most miserable Torment, it gives surprising Relief, and almost miraculous Ease.

No sooner is it taken scarcely, but all manner of Uneasiness vanishes, as if by Incantment, and the Patient becomes as perfectly well and free from Pain, as if no such Malady had ever been, and this it not only accomplishes for the present, in all Persons whatsoever, but also, by totally subduing all Sharpness in the Blood and Juices, it certainly prevents any Return of the Piles for the future, so as intirely to cure that Illness, and thereby prevent Fittillity, and other direful Consequences, that cannot be too much dreaded.

Thousands of Men and Women, who had for many Years, more or less, been wretchedly afflicted with the Piles, have at once been perfectly cured by this great Remedy, to their no less Joy and Comfort than Admiration.

It is to be noted, that a sucking Child might take it without Inconvenience, for it never occasions the least Trouble or Disorder, and is so very agreeable to take, as not to give Distaste to the nicest Palate. Is sold only at Jacob's Coffee house, against the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-street, behind the Royal-Exchange, at 5 s. a Pot, with Directions.

These are to Certify whom it may concern,

THAT the Two Medicines for external Use, which have been sold with so much Success for the Good of Mankind above Thirty Years last past, for the Cure of

All Sorts of RUPTURES, BURSTEN, or

BROKEN BELLIES.

are removed from the Mindless where they have been sold for the Author, so long, and are now sold only at Mr. Sandwell's Toyshop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, at 5 s. the Parcel, with printed Directions given with them.

These two Remedies need no other Recommendation than themselves will manifest in two or three Days using, having by their admirable and even astonishing Success, gained the Reputation they so justly deserve, both in City and Country, after wearing Trusses for many Years to no Purpose.

For by the Blessing of God, they make a perfect Cure, either on Old or Young, in a very little Time, and for a small Charge, without any Pain to, or Confinement of the Patient. One Parcel is generally sufficient for a complete Cure, especially on a young Person.

Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cured by them, which occasioned this Publication, for the Good of the Publick, that all such unhappy People may be delivered from the Charge and Slavery of always wearing Trusses.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cures of Persons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months old, to grown Persons of 60 Years or upwards; but that People are naturally averse to let it be known, that they ever had such an Infirmity: Yet Mr. Sandwell can satisfy any Inquirer of the Validity of what is here said, tho' he has not had such large Knowledge, by reason of the short Time he has sold 'em, as they from whom the Medicines are now, for good Reasons, removed.

No Letters received except Post paid.